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Sri V. K. Ramaswamy Mudaliar : What is the total output of these factories?

The Hon. Sri R. Venkataraman : I have not got the total, but I can give the figures for each one of them.

The capacity of the Ranipet factory is 50,000 tons of superphosphate. The capacity of Shaw Wallace and Company Limited is 75,000 tons of superphosphate and 24,750 tons of sulphuric acid. The capacity of Parry, Limited, Cuddalore, is 10,000 tons of mixed fertiliser. The capacity of Kothary's Ennore factory is 48,000 tons of superphosphate and 18,000 tons of sulphuric acid. The Premier factory at Cuddalore has a capacity of 40,000 tons of superphosphate and 16,500 tons of sulphuric acid. It has also a licence for 60,000 tons of granulated fertilisers. The Ennore Factory of the Parry's has a capacity of 56,160 tons of ammonium phosphate, 54,000 tons of sulphuric acid, 11,160 tons of ammonia and 38,610 tonnes of ammonium sulphate.

Dr. H. V. Hande : Is the sulphuric acid produced enough our State. We are getting it from other countries also.

The Hon. Sri R. Venkataraman : It is not enough for our State. We are getting it from other Countries also

Production of cement in the State

* 223 *Q.*—Sri K. S. Abdul Wahab : Will the Hon. the Minister for Industries be pleased to state whether the targets fixed for the production of cement in our State during the Third Five Year Plan have been achieved?

The Hon. Sri R. Venkataraman : The target for production in respect of any industry is fixed by the Government of India on an All-India basis. No Statewise target is fixed for any industry. The target for production of cement in the country for the Third Plan period is 15 million tonnes. The capacity licensed in this State is 2.9 million tonnes; installed capacity is 1.9 million tonnes and capacity under implementation is 1.00 million tonnes.

Sri K. S. Abdul Wahab : Is it a fact that cement is going to be decontrolled? Has the centre consulted the State Government in this regard?

The Hon. Sri R. Venkataraman : The Centre has not consulted the State Government.

Dr. H. V. Hande : Is the cement quota sufficient or deficit for our State?

The Hon. Sri R. Venkataraman : There is nothing like the State quota or State self-sufficiency. The whole of the cement produced is distributed throughout the country and, therefore, it is not possible to say whether it is sufficient or not sufficient.

Sri K. S. Abdul Wahab : How many new cement factories are going to be started under the Fourth Five-Year Plan and may I know the places where they are intended to be started?

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THE HON. SRI R. VENKATARAMAN : There are two types of cement factories; one large and the other small. So far as the large size is concerned, the Madras Government are going to establish a 5-lakh tonnes plant producing 1,200 tonnes per day at Alangulam in Ramanathapuram district. As regards the small scale factory, three will be started and they will produce 50 to 100 tonnes per day.

Thermal Plant at Cuddalore

* 224 *Q*.—DR. A. CHIDAMBARANATHAN : Will the Hon. the Minister for Industries be pleased to state—

(*a*) whether there is any proposal to set up a Thermal Plant at Cuddalore; and

(*b*) if so, the stage at which the matter now stands?

THE HON. SRI R. VENKATARAMAN : (*a*) No.

(*b*) Does not arise.

SRI S. K. SAMBANDHAN : Do the Government realise that at least in circumstances like this there is the need for more thermal statons in this State, and, if so, what the steps proposed to be taken by this Government in this regard?

THE HON. SRI R. VENKATARAMAN : We have already started work on the Ennore Thermal station which will produce 340 megawatts. We have applied for sanction to the Government of India for starting work on the Tuticorin Thermal Plant of 250 megawatts. The atomic power station at Kalpakkam will produce 400 megawatts. The Neyveli project will produce 400 to 600 mega watts.

Regulated markets

* 225 *Q*.—SRI K. S. ABDUL WAHAB : Will the Hon. the Minister for Home be pleased to state the number of regulated markets established by the Market Committees in the State under the Madras Agricultural Produce Markets Act, 1959?

THE HON. SRI P. KAKKAN : Eighty regulated markets have so far been established in this State under the Madras Agricultural Produce Markets Act, 1959.

1959-ம் ஆண்டு தமிழ்நாடு வேளாண்மை விளைபொருள் சந்தை சட்டத்தின்படி இம்மாநிலத்தில் முறைப்படுத்தப்பட்ட எண்பது சந்தைகள் இதுவரை நிறுவப்பட்டுள்ளன.

திரு. கே. எஸ். அப்துல் வகாப் : என்னென்ன விளைபொருள்களுக்கு எங்கெங்கே இந்தமாதிரி ஏற்பாடு செய்யப்பட்டிருக்கிறது?

கனம் திரு. பி. கக்கன் : எங்கே பொருள்கள் ஜாஸ்தி விளைகின்றனவோ, கடலை, நெல், கரும்பு போன்றவைகள் எங்கெங்கே அதிகமாக இருக்கின்றதோ அங்குள்ள விவசாயிகள் அவற்றைக் கொண்டுவந்து விற்பதற்காக அங்கங்கே இவை ஏற்படுத்தப்பட்டிருக்கின்றன.